

Carcinoembryonic (CEA) Enzyme Immunoassay Test Kit

Intended Use

For the quantitative determination of the Cancer Antigen CEA concentration in serum. **FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES.**

Principle of the Test

The CEA ELISA test is based on the principle of a solid phase enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay. The assay system uses a monoclonal antibody directed against a distinct antigenic determinant on the intact CEA molecule that is used for solid phase immobilization (on the microtiter wells). A goat anti-CEA antibody conjugated to horseradish peroxidase (HRP) is in the antibody-enzyme conjugate solution. The test sample is allowed to react simultaneously with the two antibodies, resulting in the CEA molecules being sandwiched between the solid phase and enzyme-linked antibodies. After a 1 hour incubation at room temperature, the wells are washed with water to remove unbound labeled antibodies. A solution of TMB reagent is added and incubated for 20 minutes, resulting in the development of a blue color. The color development is stopped with the addition of Stop Solution changing the color to yellow. The concentration of CEA is directly proportional to the color intensity of the test sample. Absorbance is measured spectrophotometrically at 450nm.

Reagents

Materials provided with the kit:

- Antibody-coated microtiter plate with 96 wells.
- CEA standards containing; 0, 3, 12, 30, 60, and 120 ng/ml CEA. 1 ml each, ready to use.
- Enzyme Conjugate Reagent, 13 ml.
- TMB Reagent (One-Step), 11 ml.
- Stop Solution (1N HCl), 11 ml.

Storage of Test Kit and Instrumentation

Unopened test kits should be stored at 2-8°C upon receipt and the microtiter plate should be kept in a sealed bag with desiccants to minimize exposure to damp air. Opened test kits will remain stable until the expiration date shown, provided it is stored as described above. A microtiter plate reader with a bandwidth of 10 nm or less and an optical density range of 0-2 OD or greater at 450 nm wavelength is acceptable for use in absorbance measurement.

Reagent Preparation

1. All reagents should be brought to room temperature (18-25°C) before use.

Assay Procedure

1. Secure the desired number of coated wells in the holder.
2. Dispense 50 µl of standard, specimens, and controls into appropriate wells.
3. Dispense 100 µl of Enzyme Conjugate Reagent to each well.
4. Thoroughly mix for 30 seconds. It is very important to have a complete mixing in this setup.
5. Incubate at room temperature (18-25°C) for 60 minutes.
6. Remove the incubation mixture by emptying plate content into a waste container.
7. Rinse and empty the microtiter wells 5 times with distilled or deionized water. (Please do not use tap water.)

8. Strike the wells sharply onto absorbent paper or paper towels to remove all residual water droplets.
9. Dispense 100 µl of TMB Reagent into each well. Gently mix for 10 seconds.
10. Incubate at room temperature for 20 minutes.
11. Stop the reaction by adding 100 µl of Stop Solution to each well.
12. Gently mix for 30 seconds. **It is important to make sure that all the blue color changes to yellow color completely.**
13. Read the optical density at 450 nm with a microtiter plate reader **within 15 minutes**.

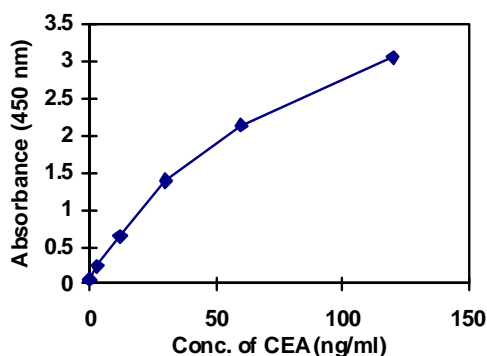
Calculation of Results

1. Calculate the average absorbance values (A_{450}) for each set of reference standards, control, and samples.
2. Construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance obtained for each reference standard against its concentration in ng/ml on linear graph paper, with absorbance on the vertical (y) axis and concentration on the horizontal (x) axis.
3. Using the mean absorbance value for each sample, determine the corresponding concentration of CEA in ng/ml from the standard curve.
4. **Any values obtained for diluted samples must be further converted by applying the appropriate dilution factor in the calculation.**

Example of Standard Curve

Results of a typical standard run with optical density readings at 450 nm shown in the Y axis against CEA concentrations shown in the X axis. This standard curve is for the purpose of illustration only, and should not be used to calculate unknowns. Each user should obtain his or her own data and standard curve.

CEA (ng/ml)	Absorbance (450 nm)
0	0.057
3	0.235
12	0.637
30	1.388
60	2.144
120	3.050



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